

ZIKA SCREENING TOOL FOR PREGNANT WOMEN



(To be administered by nurse, check-in receptionist, or other healthcare provider)

All pregnant women should be assessed for possible Zika virus exposure¹ at each prenatal care visit. Use this tool to evaluate pregnant women for exposure to Zika virus and for signs and symptoms of Zika virus disease to determine whether testing is indicated.

NOTE: If your pregnant patient has questions about Zika testing, educational factsheets are available on CDC's website: <http://www.cdc.gov/zika/hc-providers/pregnant-woman.html>

Assess for Possible Exposure¹ to Zika Virus Infection

(See references on back for more information.)

Circle response:

Do you live in or do you frequently travel (daily or weekly) to an area with active Zika virus transmission²?

YES | NO

Have you traveled to an area with Zika² during pregnancy or just before you became pregnant [8 weeks before conception or 6 weeks before your last menstrual period]?

YES | NO

Have you had sex (vaginal, anal, or oral sex) without a condom or shared sex toys with a partner(s) who lives in or has traveled to an area with Zika²?

YES | NO

➔ If your pregnant patient answered **"NO"** to ALL questions, she is at low risk for exposure to Zika.

If Pregnant Patient Answered "Yes" to Any Question, Assess for Signs and Symptoms of Zika Virus Disease

Circle response:

Do you currently have or have you had (in the last 12 weeks) fever, rash, joint pain, or conjunctivitis (red eyes)?

YES | NO

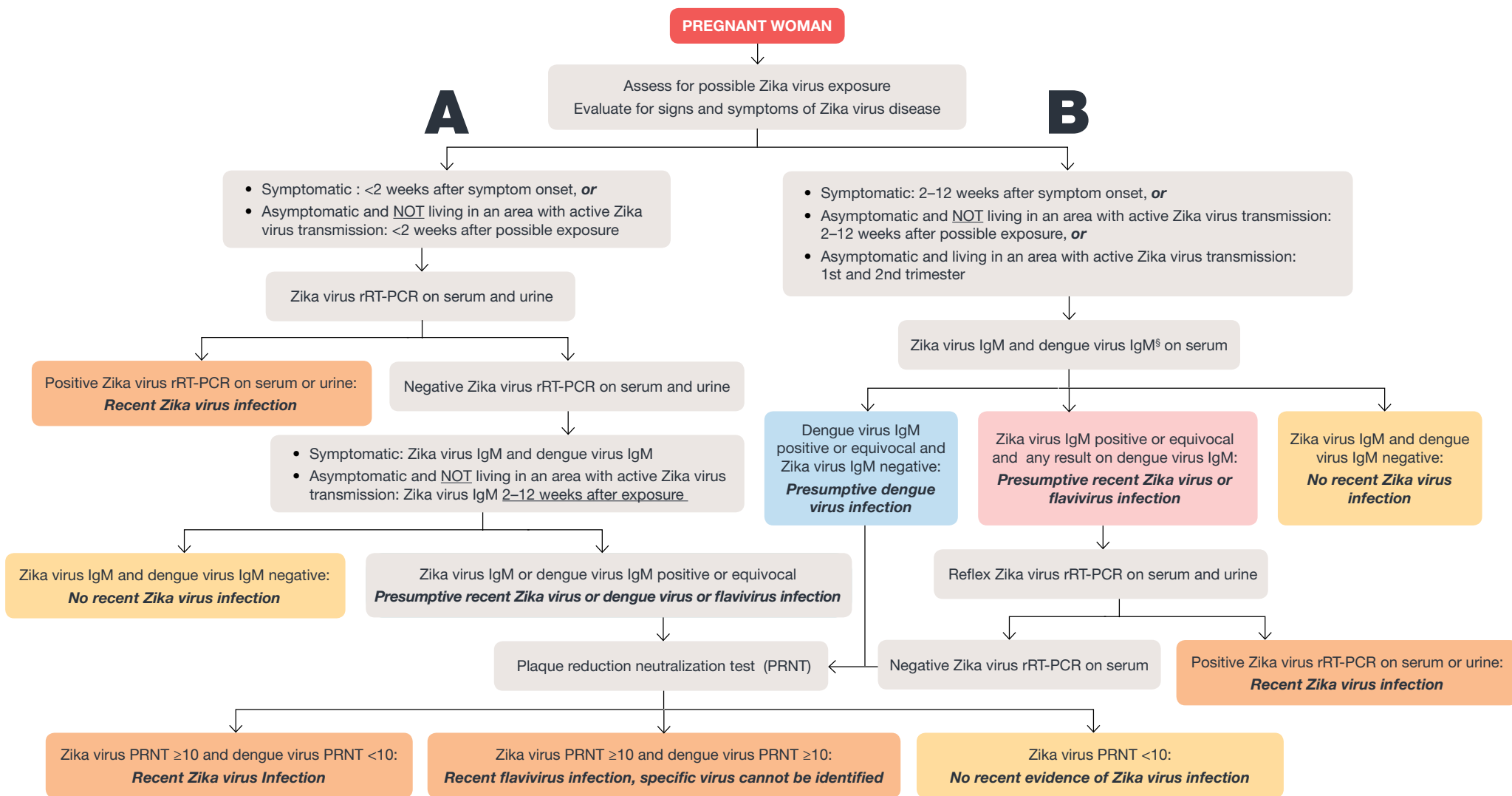
- ➔ If your pregnant patient answered **"YES"** to having any of these signs or symptoms, she might have symptomatic Zika virus infection. Test in accordance with CDC guidance for symptomatic persons³.
- ➔ If your pregnant patient answered **"NO"** to having any signs or symptoms, she has been exposed and might have an asymptomatic Zika virus infection. Test in accordance with CDC guidance for asymptomatic pregnant women³.

References:

1. Possible exposure to Zika virus that warrants testing includes one or more of the following:
 - a. Living in an area with active transmission
 - b. Travel to an area with active transmission
 - c. Sex (vaginal, anal, and oral sex) without a condom or the sharing of sex toys with a person who traveled to or lives in an area with Zika.
2. Visit CDC's website to see areas with active Zika transmission: <http://www.cdc.gov/zika/geo/index.html>
3. Please see the algorithm on the back from CDC's Updated Interim Guidance for Health Care Providers Caring for Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Virus Exposure to guide testing and interpretation of results. (http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6529e1.htm?s_cid=mm6529e1_e)



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Abbreviations: IgM = immunoglobulin M; PRNT = plaque reduction neutralization test; rRT-PCR = real-time reverse transcription–polymerase chain reaction.

* A pregnant woman is considered symptomatic if one or more signs or symptoms (fever, rash, arthralgia, or conjunctivitis) consistent with Zika virus disease is reported whereas a pregnant woman is considered asymptomatic if symptoms are NOT reported.

† Testing includes Zika virus rRT-PCR on serum and urine samples, Zika virus and dengue virus Immunoglobulin M (IgM), and plaque reduction neutralization test (PRNT) on serum samples. PRNT results that indicate recent flavivirus infection should be interpreted in the context of the currently circulating flaviviruses. Refer to the laboratory guidance for updated testing recommendations (<http://www.cdc.gov/zika/laboratories/lab-guidance.html>). Because of the overlap of symptoms in areas where other viral illness are endemic, evaluate for possible dengue or chikungunya virus infection.

§ Dengue IgM antibody testing is recommended only for symptomatic pregnant women.

¶ If Zika virus rRT-PCR testing is requested from laboratories without IgM antibody testing capacity or a process to forward specimens to another testing laboratory, storing of additional serum samples is recommended for IgM antibody testing in the event of a rRT-PCR negative result.

** Possible exposure to Zika virus includes travel to or residence in an area with active Zika virus transmission (<http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices/>), or sex (vaginal sex (penis-to-vagina sex), anal sex (penis-to-anus sex), oral sex (mouth-to-penis sex or mouth-to-vagina sex), and the sharing of sex toys) without a barrier method to prevent infection (male or female condoms for vaginal or anal sex, male condoms for oral sex (mouth-to-penis), and male condoms cut to create a flat barrier or dental dams for oral sex (mouth-to-vagina) with a partner who traveled to, or lives in an area with active Zika virus transmission.